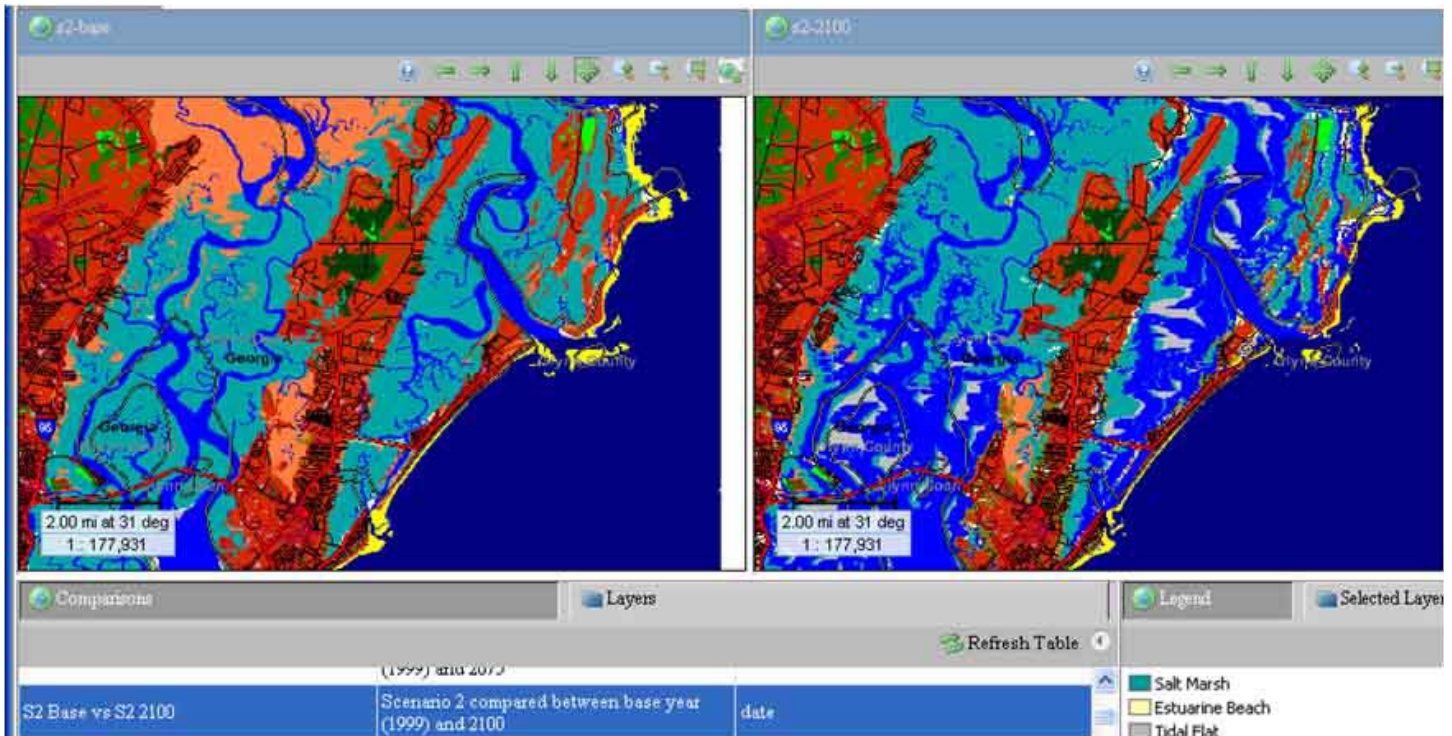




# Using National Wetlands Inventory Data in SLAMM - View (Sea Level Affecting Marshes Model)



SLAMM-View screen capture, comparing 2000 and 2100 with a 0.8 meter sea-level rise scenerio, shows the possible conversion of salt marsh (teal) into open water and tidal flats, brackish marsh (orange) into salt marsh, and loss of beaches and bars (yellow).

<http://www.spea.indiana.edu/wetlandsandclimatechange/SLAMM-View.htm>

## Current simulations online:

**Georgia and South Carolina,**  
funded by the Environmental Protection Agency

**Chesapeake Bay,**  
funded by the National Wildlife Federation

**Puget Sound,**  
funded by the National Wildlife Federation

**National Wildlife Refuges,**  
more to come, funded by FWS.

*SLAMM-View, an online viewer, displays Sea Level Affecting Marshes Model (SLAMM) simulations under three sea-level rise scenarios over 25-year increments up to the year 2100. Simulations show possible future impacts on coastal wetland habitat using FWS's National Wetlands Inventory habitat classification data to run the model.*

*SLAMM-View is currently under development by Jeff Ehman, ImageMatters, with assistance by the Fish and Wildlife Service. SLAMM-View is hosted by Dr. Chris Craft, Indiana University.*